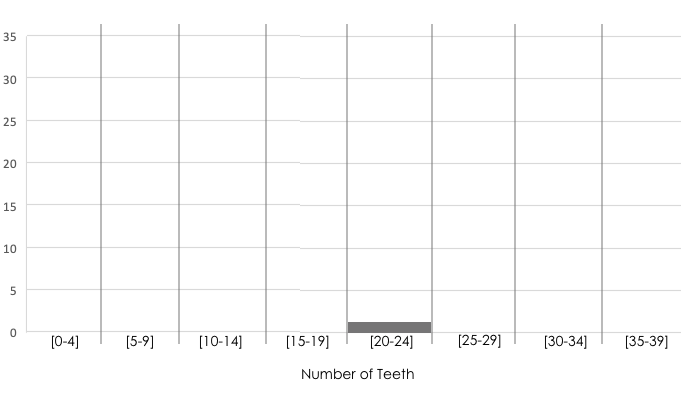
# Making Histograms

Referenced from lesson [Histograms](https://www.bootstrapworld.org/materials/spring2021/en-us/courses/data-science/lessons/histograms/index.shtml) (Spring, 2021)

Suppose we have a data set for a group of 50 adults, showing the number of teeth each person has:

| Number of teeth | Count |
| --- | --- |
| 0 | 5 |
| 22 | 1 |
| 26 | 1 |
| 27 | 1 |
| 28 | 4 |
| 29 | 3 |
| 30 | 5 |
| 31 | 3 |
| 32 | 27 |

**Draw a histogram for the table in the space below.** For each row, find which interval (or “bin”) on the x-axis represents the right number of teeth. Then fill in the box so that the height of the box is equal to the *sum of the counts* that fit into that interval. One of the intervals has been completed for you.



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